

# 0-3 Guided Notes #1

## Quadratic Functions and Equations

**Objectives:** Graph quadratic functions using a variety of methods

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STANDARD

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

function

degree 2

constant

ex  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 2x + 5$

$f(x) = -3x^2$

~~$f(x) = 5$~~

~~$f(x) = 3x + 5$~~

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The graph of a quadratic equation  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  is called a PARABOLA.

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$

Vertex:  $(x, f(x))$

y-intercept:  $(0, c)$

x-intercepts:  $x$ -int, zeros, solutions  
Solve the equation

Domain:  $x$ 's  $D: \mathbb{R} (-\infty, \infty)$

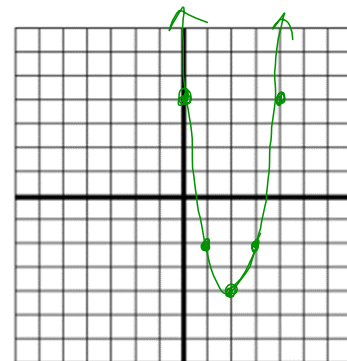
Range:  $y$ 's  $R: \{y \mid y \geq -2\}$   
 $[-2, \infty)$

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**Ex 1: Graph by making a table.**

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 8x + 4$$

| $x$ | Graph $f(x) = 2x^2 - 8x + 4$ | $f(x)$ | $(x, f(x))$ |
|-----|------------------------------|--------|-------------|
| 0   | $f(0) = 2(0)^2 - 8(0) + 4$   | 4      | $(0, 4)$    |
| 1   | $2(1)^2 - 8(1) + 4$          | -2     | $(1, -2)$   |
| 2   | $2(2)^2 - 8(2) + 4$          | -4     | $(2, -4)$   |
| 3   | $2(3)^2 - 8(3) + 4$          | -2     | $(3, -2)$   |
| 4   | $2(4)^2 - 8(4) + 4$          | 4      | $(4, 4)$    |



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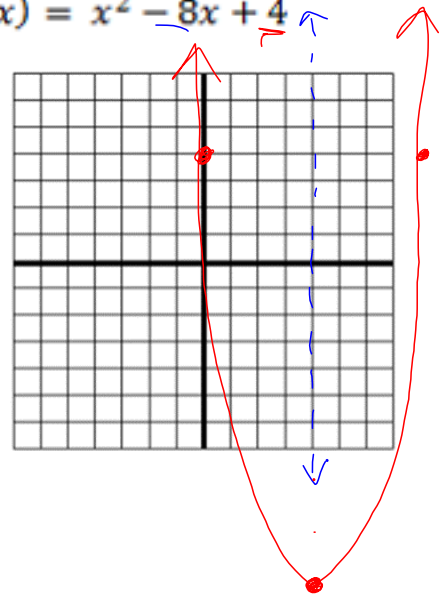
Ex 2: Use the axis of symmetry, y-intercept, and vertex to graph  $f(x) = x^2 - 8x + 4$

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-8}{2(1)} = 4$

$x = 4$

Vertex:  $(4, -12)$   $y = (4)^2 - 8(4) + 4$   
 $y = -12$

y-intercept:  $(0, 4)$



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## MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM VALUES

Ex 3: Consider  $f(x) = -3x^2 + 12x + 11$



a.) Determine whether the function has a maximum or minimum value.

maximum

b.) Find the max or min of the function.

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-12}{2(-3)} = (2, 23)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -3(2^2) + 12(2) + 11 \\ & -12 + 24 + 11 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$$

c.) State the domain and range of the function.

$$D: \mathbb{R}$$

$$R: \{y \mid y \leq 23\}$$

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# Homework

P13 #1, 9-19odd

Aug 26-11:13 AM

Aug 27-8:27 AM